

# **MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET**

# Maleic anhydride

## **Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification**

MSDS Name: Maleic anhydride
Synonyms: MA; 2,5-Furandione

Company Identification: (INDIA)

Veritas House, 70 Mint Road, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001. INDIA

Tel: +91 - 22 - 2275 5555 / 6184 0000,

Fax: +91 - 22 - 2275 5556 / 6184 0001

# Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS#	Chemical Name:	%	EINECS#
108-31-6	Maleic anhydride	99%	203-571-6

Hazard Symbols: C

Risk Phrases: 22 34 42/43

### Section 3 - Hazards Identification

### **EMERGENCY OVERVIEW**

Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact. Moisture sensitive. **Potential Health Effects** 

Eye: Causes eye burns. May cause conjunctivitis. Causes redness and pain.

Skin: Causes skin burns. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material. Causes redness and pain. May cause blistering of the skin.

Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. Causes gastrointestinal tract burns.

May cause allergic respiratory reaction. May cause irritation of the respiratory tract with burning pain in the nose and throat, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath and pulmonary edema. Causes chemical burns to the respiratory tract.

Chronic: Repeated exposure may cause allergic respiratory reaction (asthma). Prolonged or repeated contact may cause possible eczema.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid immediately.
Skin:	Get medical aid immediately. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes.
Ingestion:	Get medical aid immediately. Wash mouth out with water.
Inhalation:	Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen.
Notes to	Treat symptomatically and supportively.



Physician:			
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# **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

General Information:	As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Dusts at sufficient concentrations can form explosive mixtures with air.
Extinguishing Media:	Use carbon dioxide. Use alcohol foam. Do NOT use dry powder.

## **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

General Information:	Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.
Spills/Leaks:	Vacuum or sweep up material and place into a suitable disposal container.

# **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

Handling:	Avoid breathing dust, vapor, mist, or gas. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
Storage:	Store in a cool, dry place. Store in a tightly closed container. Store protected from moisture.

# **Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection**

Engineering Controls:  Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower. Use adequate ventilation to keep airborne concentrations low.  Exposure Limits  CAS# 108-31-6: United Kingdom, WEL - TWA: 1 mg/m3 TWA United Kingdom, WEL - STEL: 3 mg/m3 STEL United States OSHA: 0.25 ppm TWA; 1 mg/m3 TWA  Belgium - TWA: 0.25 ppm VLE; 1 mg/m3 VLE France - VLE: 1 mg/m3 VLE Germany: 0.1 ppm TWA; 0.41 mg/m3 TWA  Japan: 0.1 ppm OEL; 0.4 mg/m3 OEL Japan: 0.2 ppm Ceiling; 0.8 mg/m3 Ceiling Malaysia: 0.25 ppm TWA; 10 mg/m3 TWA  Netherlands: 0.1 ppm MAC; 0.4 mg/m3 MAC Spain: 0.25 ppm VLA-ED; 1 mg/m3 VLA-ED  Personal Protective Equipment  Eyes: Wear chemical splash goggles.  Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure. Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.  Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.		·
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# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties**

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Physical State:	Flakes
Color:	white
Odor:	pungent odor
pH:	Not available
Vapor Pressure:	0.16 mm Hg @ 20 deg C
Viscosity:	1.6 mPa.s @60 deg C
Boiling Point:	200 deg C @ 760 mmHg ( 392.00°F)
Freezing/Melting Point:	52-55 deg C
Autoignition Temperature:	477 deg C ( 890.60 deg F)
Flash Point:	103 deg C ( 217.40 deg F)
Explosion Limits: Lower:	1.40 vol %
Explosion Limits: Upper:	7.10 vol %
Decomposition Temperature:	
Solubility in water:	79g/100ml in water (25°C)
Specific Gravity/Density:	
Molecular Formula:	C4H2O3
Molecular Weight:	98.06

## **Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

Chemical Stability:	Stable.
Conditions to Avoid:	Incompatible materials, ignition sources, dust generation, exposure to moist air or water.
Incompatibilities with Other Materials	Strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents, strong acids, strong bases, alkali metals, alkaline earth metals, amines, caustics (e.g. ammonia, ammonium hydroxide, calcium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide, sodium hydroxide), triethylamine, pyridine, ammonium ions.
Hazardous Decomposition Products	Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.

# Section 11 - Toxicological Information

RTECS#:	CAS# 108-31-6: ON3675000
LD50/LC50:	RTECS: CAS# 108-31-6: Dermal, guinea pig: LD50 = >20 gm/kg; Draize test, rabbit, eye: 1% Severe; Oral, mouse: LD50 = 465 mg/kg; Oral, rabbit: LD50 = 875 mg/kg; Oral, rat: LD50 = 400 mg/kg; Skin, rabbit: LD50 = 2620 mg/kg;
Carcinogenicity:	Maleic anhydride - Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.
Other:	See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**



**Ecotoxicity:** Fish: Mosquito Fish: LC50 = 240 mg/l; 96 H; Fish: Bluegill/Sunfish: LC50 = 150 mg/l; 24 H;

Bacteria: Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 = 44 ppm; 30 min.; Microtox test

Daphnia: LC50 = 330 mg/l; 48 H; Fish: Rainbow trout: LC50 = 75 mg/l; 96 H;

Other: Do not empty into drains.

### **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

Dispose of in a manner consistent with federal, state, and local regulations.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

	IATA	IMO	RID/ADR
Shipping Name:	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	MALEIC ANHYDRIDE
Hazard Class:	8	8	8
UN Number:	2215	2215	2215
Packing Group:	III	III	III

USA RQ: CAS# 108-31-6: 5000 lb final RQ; 2270 kg final RQ

### **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

### European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives

Hazard Symbols: C

#### **Risk Phrases:**

- R 22 Harmful if swallowed.
- R 34 Causes burns.
- R 42/43 May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

### Safety Phrases:

- S 22 Do not breathes dust.
- > S 26 In case of contact with eyes rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- ➤ S 36/37/39 Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
- S 45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### WGK (Water Danger/Protection)

> CAS# 108-31-6: 1

#### Canada

CAS# 108-31-6 is listed on Canada's DSL List

### **US Federal**

- > TSCA
- > CAS# 108-31-6 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

### **Section 16 - Other Information**

MSDS Creation Date:	July 22, 2015
Revision #0 Date	

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantability or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.